

SHODHAK

A Journal of Historical Research

(ISSN: 0302-9832)

Vol. 52, Issue-2 (July-September) 2023

Editor: Dr. Ram Pande

S. No.	Content	Author's	Page No.
1	THE IMPACT OF IN-SERVICE EDUCATION ON TEACHER PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA	Milon Basumatary	1-7
2	CREATINE AS A BOOSTER FOR HUMAN BRAIN FUNCTION	Anjali Sharma	8-14
3	IDENTIFYING THE USEFULNESS OF RECOMMENDATION SYSTEMS (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE) IN ONLINE VIDEO STREAMING PLATFORMS	Asha Adhikari Dr. Sanjay.M Johri	15-32
4	DOES THE NEWSPAPER MATTER? A FIELD EXPERIMENT MEASURING THE EFFECT OF NEWSPAPER ON VOTING BEHAVIOUR AND PUBLIC OPINIONS IN LUCKNOW DISTRICT OF UTTAR PRADESH	Amit Massey Dr. Sanjay M Johri	33-41
5	IMPACT OF HEALTH WELLNESS AMENITIES ON CUSTOMER SATISFACTION OF 5- STAR HOTELS IN MUMBAI	Mr. Ajay S. Budke Mr. Harshal S. Athnikar	42-51
6	A STUDY ON CRITICAL SUCCESS FACTORS RESPONSIBLE FOR WOMEN EMPOWERMENT IN INDIA	Pranoy Dey	52-64
7	कृषि में हुए आधुनिकीकरण के सामाजिक प्रभावों का समाजशास्त्रीय अध्ययन	उर्वशी पाण्डे करन जोशी	65-68
8	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF STUDENTS, TEACHERS AND PARENTS PERSPECTIVE TOWARDS ADAPTING THE E LEARNING	Dr. Vikas Saini	69-75

9	A STUDY ON 'GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF TOURISM INDUSTRY IN ASSAM'	Deeksha Hazarika	76-83
10	IMPLEMENTING APPLIED THEATRE IN PEDAGOGY: ASSESSING THE IMPACT OF STREET THEATRE WORKSHOP ON YOUTH DEVELOPMENT	Alishah Syedain Dr Mohammad Faisal Dr Nupur Sen	84-93
11	THE ILLUSTRATION OF GENDER IN VICTORIAN LITERATURE	Shamima Akhtar Nur Nazibur Rahman	94-98
12	उत्तराखण्ड राज्य में जनसंचार माध्यमों के परिप्रेक्ष्य में पारंपरिक वाद्य यंत्रों एवं पारंपरिक नृत्य की वर्तमान स्थिति का विवेचनात्मक अध्ययन	डॉ. अनुजा रोहिल्ला प्रोफेसर डॉ. आशीश कुलश्रेष्ठ	99-107
13	डिजीटल शिक्षा एवं सामाजिक समावेशन: डिजीटल विभाजन के पुनःचिंतन पर समाजशास्त्रीय समालोचना	डा० ईश्वर स्वरूप सहाय	108-115
14	MASS MEDIA ITS ROLE AND IMPACT ON FLOOD MANAGEMENT IN ASSAM: A STUDY OF MAJULI DISTRICT	Mr. Mohan Pathak Dr. Samanta Sahu	116-131
15	THE CHALLENGES ENCOUNTERED IN MATERNITY WARDS	Ayushi Gothal	132-139

**A STUDY ON CRITICAL SUCCESS FACTORS RESPONSIBLE FOR WOMEN
EMPOWERMENT IN INDIA****Pranoy Dey**Assistant Professor, Department of Geography, Birpara College
Alipurduar, West Bengal, India**Abstract**

Women are the great resources for family, society and business. India has rich culture and tradition of worshipping women. They are treated as goddess in ancient scriptures and fought for freedom, led kingdoms too. However, the patriarchal society ill-treated them restricting them in household activities coined with domestic violence and childcare activities. The sustainable development agenda 2030 has focused on women empowerment and gender equality. The research aims to examine key success factors such education, technology use, employment, financial literacy, family support, physical and mental health, and public policies. The structured questionnaire is administered for primary data collection. The sample size is 165 women residing in West Bengal. The survey has been checked to ensure that it is simple to access and that the results are satisfactory. It is revealed that technology, family support and education play crucial role in women empowerment providing equal opportunity, change in attitude and freedom. Working women, though face challenge of work-life imbalance, earn good social respect and have financial freedom than non-working women.

Keywords: *Women empowerment, Employment, Financial literacy, Gender equality, Women in India*

1. INTRODUCTION.

Women are the great resources for family, society and business. India has rich culture and tradition of worshipping women. They are treated as goddess in ancient scriptures and fought for freedom, led kingdoms too. However, the patriarchal society ill-treated them restricting them in household activities coined with domestic violence and childcare activities. The sustainable development agenda 2030 has focused on women empowerment and gender equality. Women's empowerment typically consists of five elements: First, self-esteem; second, her right to decide her own life, both at home and in the workplace; third, the ability to affect social change for the sake of society and the economy. Economic participation and educational attainment key to empowering women (Santoso, et. al. 2019). Women's economic independence is a cornerstone of healthy economic growth in every country. Empowering women requires improving their economic and social position. Only by enforcing concrete social and economic policies aimed at fostering women's total growth and educating them on their inherent resilience would this be possible. In numerous fields, women have established themselves as equals, and in other cases, they have even shown themselves to be more qualified than males. The scenario for women's shifting roles is quickly becoming better. Women have tremendous status in all sectors and are educated. Sports, media, bureaucracy, and women are now commonplace. Women now have more awareness and perspective because to education (Narayanan, et. al. 2019). The Indian government declared her 2001 at the turn of the millennium the 'Year of Women's Empowerment', focusing on the vision that 'women are equal partners with men.' Because certain communities of women are realizing how pervasive their bias is in many facets of private and public life, this trend has been further accelerated. They may also organize on matters that may have an impact on their stance as a whole. If women can make informed judgments and are educated, empowerment will be more relevant.

Mailing Address

SHODHAK

B-424, malviya Nagar Jaipur-302017

Phone: 011-2524453 Mobile: 09828467885

Email: shodhak_journals@gmail.com